## HILLENBRAND ::::

a global diversified industrial company

## Pursuing Growth • Building Value

KeyBanc Capital Markets 2015 Industrial, Automotive and Transportation Conference May 2015









### Disclosure regarding forward-looking statements

Forward-Looking Statements and Factors That May Affect Future Results:

Throughout this presentation, we make a number of "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. As the words imply, these are statements about future plans, objectives, beliefs, and expectations that might or might not happen in the future, as contrasted with historical information. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that we believe are reasonable, but by their very nature are subject to a wide range of risks.

Accordingly, in this presentation, we may say something like,

"We expect that future revenue associated with the Process Equipment Group will be influenced by order backlog."

That is a forward-looking statement, as indicated by the word "expect" and by the clear meaning of the sentence.

Other words that could indicate we are making forward-looking statements include:

intend	believe	plan	expect	may	goal	would
become	pursue	estimate	will	forecast	continue	could
targeted	encourage	promise	improve	progress	potential	should

This is not an exhaustive list, but is intended to give you an idea of how we try to identify forward-looking statements. The absence of any of these words, however, does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking.

Here is the key point: Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and our actual results could differ materially from those set forth in any forward-looking statements. Any number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, could cause our performance to differ significantly from what is described in the forward-looking statements.

For a discussion of factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in forward-looking statements, see the discussions under the heading "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2015, located on our website and filed with the SEC. We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

### Agenda

#### Hillenbrand

a global diversified industrial company

#### **Process Equipment Group (PEG)**

our growth business platform

#### **Batesville**

our time-tested and highly profitable market leader

#### **Select Financial Results**

### Hillenbrand is an attractive investment opportunity

## Growth Opportunity

- Process Equipment Group represents ~2/3 of Hillenbrand revenue with attractive organic mid-single-digit revenue growth expected
- Bottom-line growth enhanced by leveraging the Hillenbrand Operating Model

## Strong Financial Profile

- Market leading platforms with robust cash generation
- Strong balance sheet and cash flow

#### Proven Track Record

- Demonstrated acquisition success
- Proven, results-oriented management teams
- Strong core competencies in lean business, strategy management, talent development and segmentation

## Compelling Dividend

- Meaningful return of cash to shareholders, including an attractive dividend yield
- Annual dividend increases since HI inception (2008)

## HILLENBRAND ::::

## Hillenbrand Profile

## Hillenbrand began as a death care company and has diversified through acquisitions

#### HILLENBRAND, INC.

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

Hillenbrand Industries approves the separation of Hill-Rom and Batesville Casket into two independent publicly traded companies Hillenbrand, Inc. (parent of Batesville Casket Company) begins operation April 1, 2008



K-Tron Acquisition (includes TerraSource) April 1, 2010 Rotex acquisition September 1, 2011 Coperion acquisition December 1, 2012







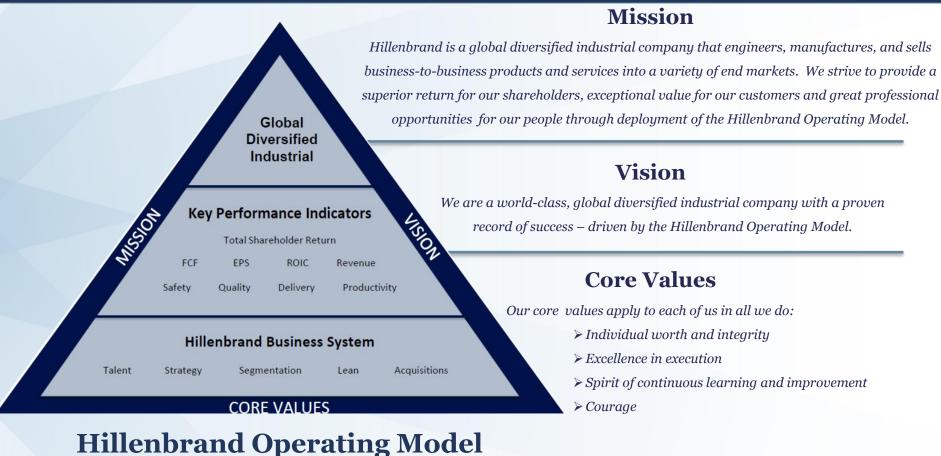
#### **Batesville**

- Founded in 1906 and dedicated for more than 100 years to helping families honor the lives of those they love®
- North American leader in death care with a history of manufacturing excellence, product innovation, superior customer service, and reliable delivery

#### **Process Equipment Group**

- Leading global providers of compounding and extrusion equipment, bulk solids material handling equipment and systems for a wide variety of manufacturing and other industrial processes
- Serves customers through its operating companies:
  - ✓ Coperion Compounders and extruders, materials handling equipment, feeders and pneumatic conveying equipment, system solutions, parts and services (K-Tron merged with Coperion effective 10/1/2013)
  - √ Rotex Dry material separation machines and replacement parts and accessories
  - ✓ TerraSource Global Size reduction equipment, conveying systems and screening equipment, parts and services

# The Hillenbrand Operating Model drives our continued transformation into a world-class global diversified industrial company



We drive profitable growth through the Hillenbrand Operating Model

### Our two attractive platforms provide robust revenue growth

## coperion confidence through partnership

(K-Tron merged with Coperion effective 10/1/2013)





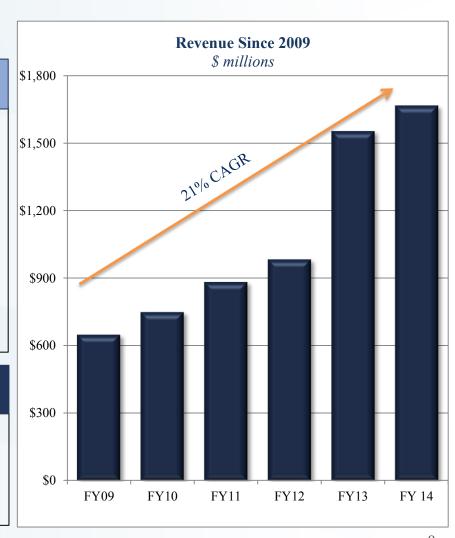
#### **Process Equipment Group**

- Multiple pathways/end markets for growth
- Diversified revenue sources
- Parts and service revenue
   1/3 of total and growing

#### Batesville



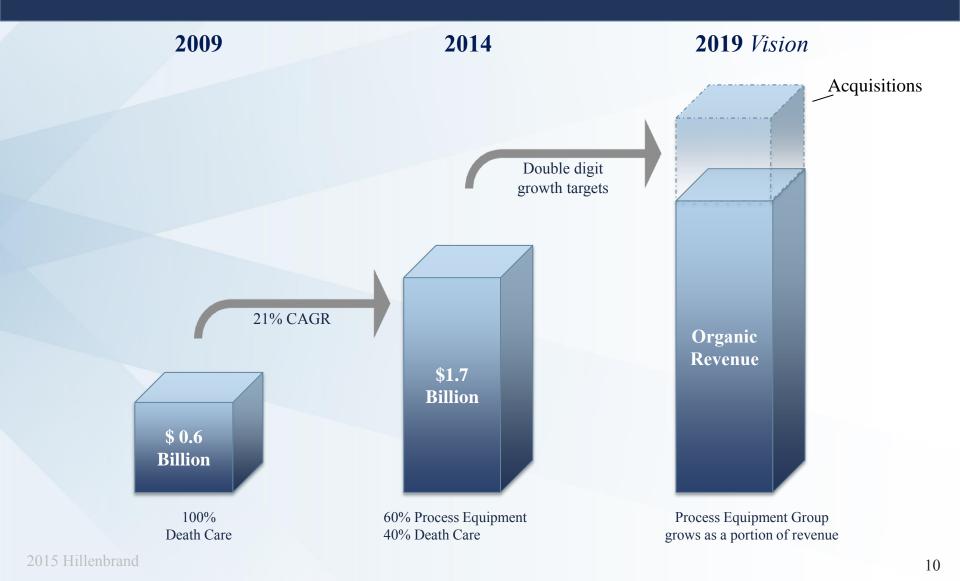
- Historical Adj EBITDA\* margin > 25%
- Strong, predictable cash flow



#### We have increased our revenue diversification...



## ...and expect continued growth both organically and through acquisition



## HILLENBRAND ::::

## Process Equipment Group Overview









## Our Process Equipment Group companies manufacture mission critical world-class industrial equipment...

#### Coperion

(K-Tron merged with Coperion effective 10/1/2013)

- Compounders and extruders
- Materials handling equipment
- Feeders and components
- System solutions
- Service and parts









#### **Rotex**

- Separating equipment
- Sizing equipment
- Service and parts





#### TerraSource Global

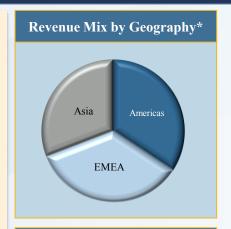
- Crushers
- Materials handling equipment
- Service and parts

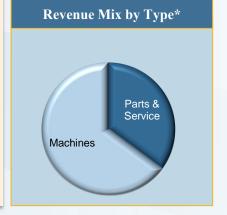




#### ... and have attractive fundamentals

- Balanced geographic diversification
- Stable revenue and attractive margins from parts and service business
- Highly diversified customer base with a strong history of long-term relationships with blue-chip customers
- Proven products with substantial brand value and recognition, combined with industry-leading applications and engineering expertise









015 Hillenbrand \* FY 2014

## Process Equipment Group is diversified across a broad range of attractive end markets that benefit from megatrends...

#### **Megatrends** driving growth

- Growing global population
- Rapidly expanding middle class
- Rising demand for food and energy



### **Attractive end markets growing** at GDP+ Other - Forest Products, Grains, Oil Seeds, Pharma, etc. Food\_ Minerals and \_ Mining (incl. Fertilizer) Chemicals. **Plastics** \* FY 2014 Company Estimate

## ... and the strategy focuses on capitalizing on these megatrends to drive growth

>>>> Develop new products, systems, and applications expertise to penetrate growing markets

- Engineered Plastics
- Fertilizer

Energy

Processed Food

**Establish scope and scale to accelerate global growth** 

- > Improve access to underpenetrated geographies
  - China

Russia

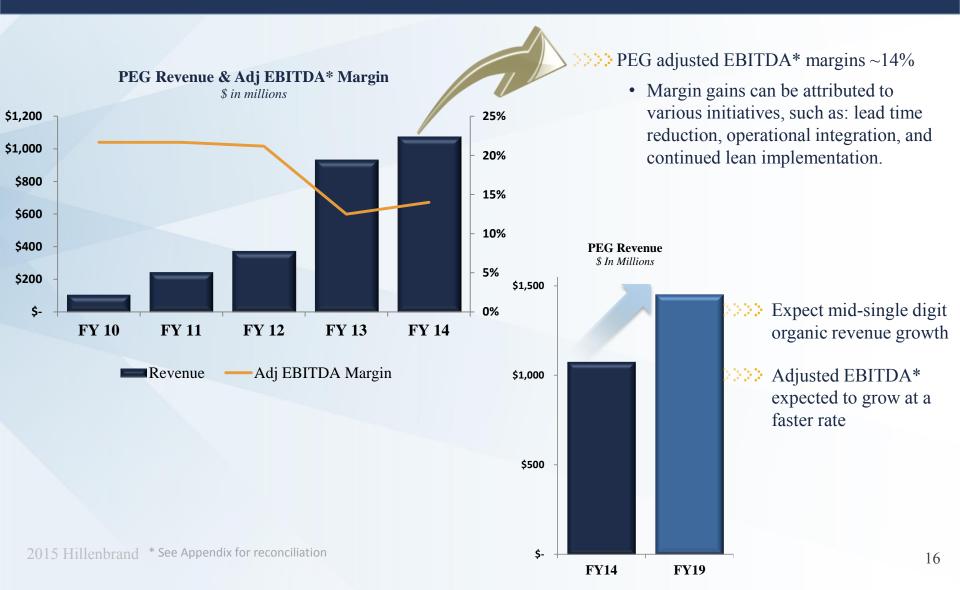
India

- Latin America
- ➤ Leverage Coperion's global footprint

#### Leverage Coperion business to accelerate revenue growth

- > K-Tron equipment in Coperion Systems
- > Leverage end market expertise to access new customers and markets
- Coperion expansion in attractive US market through K-Tron rep network
- > Enhanced system capabilities
- Margin expansion through the implementation of the Hillenbrand Operating Model

## Process Equipment Group has a strong, sustainable financial track record that is expected to continue



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### Batesville Overview

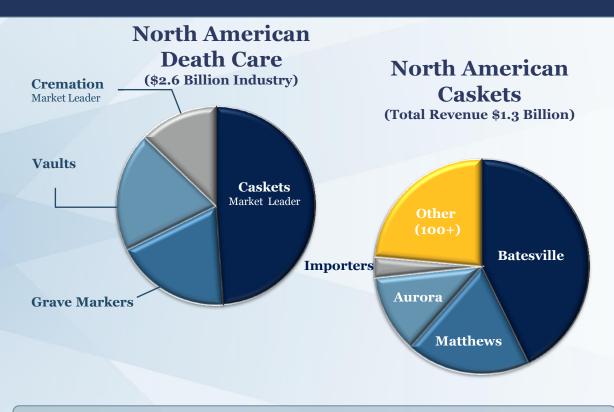






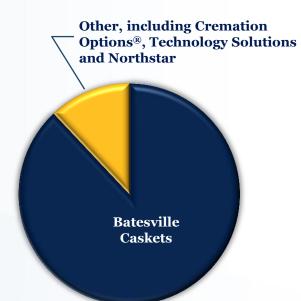


## Batesville is the industry leader in the largest and most profitable segment of the North American death care industry



#### **Batesville**

(Total 2014 Revenue: \$592 Million)



- >>>> Iconic brand with 100+ years of history
- >>> Superior mix of products
- >>>> Industry leader in volume, revenue and margin share

## Batesville's strategy is to optimize the casket business, capitalize on growth opportunities, and sustain margins

#### **Optimize the Profitable Casket Business**

- New product development
- Merchandising and consultative selling





#### **Capitalize on Growth Opportunities**

- Cremation Options<sup>®</sup> products caskets, containers and urns
- Technology Solutions websites & business management software





#### **Maintain Attractive Margins**

- Operational excellence
- Lean manufacturing and distribution
- Continuous improvement in all business processes





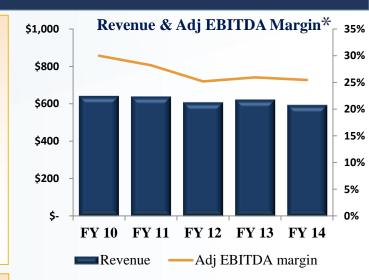
### Batesville has predictable strong cash flow and attractive margins

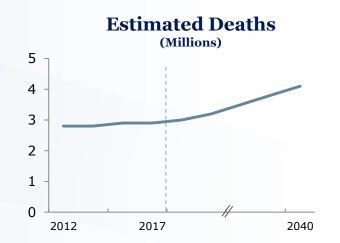
## Attractive Financials

- Historically high return on invested capital
- Stable adjusted EBITDA margins\* in FY14
- Relentless focus on lean to maintain attractive margins



- Deaths expected to increase in the future as baby boomers age
- North American cremation rate is currently estimated to be ~ 47% and increasing approximately 120-140 basis points per year
- Increase in future deaths expected to be offset by cremation, resulting in relatively flat burial market





2015 Hillenbrand

\* See Appendix for reconciliation

## HILLENBRAND >>>>

### Financial Results

## Second quarter consolidated revenue up 2%, and Process Equipment Group adjusted EBITDA\* margin improved 350 bps

- Process Equipment Group revenue grew 1%, or 12% on a constant currency basis, driven by higher volume of equipment sales
  - ► Backlog decreased 12% sequentially to \$520 million
- Batesville revenue grew 4% due to higher volume in the North American burial market, largely driven by the severe flu season; partially offset by lower average selling prices
- Adjusted EBITDA\* declined 5% primarily due to:
  - Prior year one-time gains:
    - \$5 million gain on exercise of Forethought Financial Group stock warrants
    - > \$3 million gain on limited partnership investments
  - ➤ Batesville EBITDA decreased \$1 million compared to prior year with one-time gain of ~\$3.0 million
  - Process Equipment Group EBITDA increased \$9M driven by volume, mix and operating expense discipline

Hillenbrand Q2 2015 Results  -Three Months Ended March 31 (\$ in millions, except EPS)									
	Q2 FY15	Q2 FY14							
Net Revenue % Year-Over-Year Growth	\$405 2.0%	\$397 -0.4%							
EBITDA (Adjusted)* % of Revenue	\$66 16.2%	\$69 17.4%							
EPS (Adjusted)*	\$0.49	\$0.54							
Free Cash Flow*	\$46	\$31							

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for reconciliation

## Year-to-date consolidated revenue up 3%, and adjusted EBITDA\* grew 5% driven by improved Process Equipment Group margins

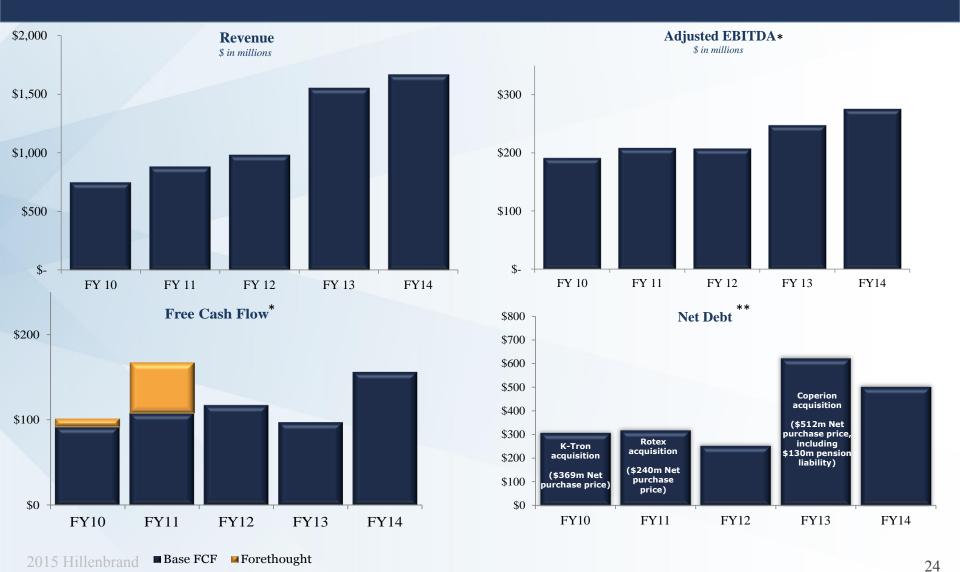
- Process Equipment Group revenue grew 3%, or 12% on a constant currency basis due to increased volume of capital projects and increased sales of equipment and parts into the proppant market
  - Backlog of \$520 million decreased 27%, or 17% on a constant currency basis, versus the prior year
- Batesville revenue increased 3% driven by an increase in volume; partially offset by a lower average selling price
- Adjusted EBITDA\* grew 5% primarily due to a \$20 million increase in Process Equipment Group EBITDA resulting from increased volume, mix and operating expense discipline; partially offset by ~\$11 million of prior year one-time gains.
- Free cash flow declined \$73 million from the prior year due to the timing of working capital, driven by a couple of very large Process Equipment Group projects and the payment of a litigation settlement

Hillenbrand YTD 2015 Results  -Six Months Ended March 31 (\$ in millions, except EPS)											
	YTD FY15	YTD FY14									
Net Revenue % Year-Over-Year Growth	\$806 3.1%	\$782 11.1%									
EBITDA (Adjusted)* % of Revenue	\$129 16.0%	\$122 15.7%									
EPS (Adjusted)*	\$0.98	\$0.88									
Free Cash Flow*	(\$2)	\$71									
Net Debt**	\$528	\$575									

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for reconciliation

<sup>\*\*</sup> Net Debt is Total Debt less Cash

### Hillenbrand has a history of strong financial performance...



\*\* Net Debt is Total Debt less Cash

\* See Appendix for reconciliation

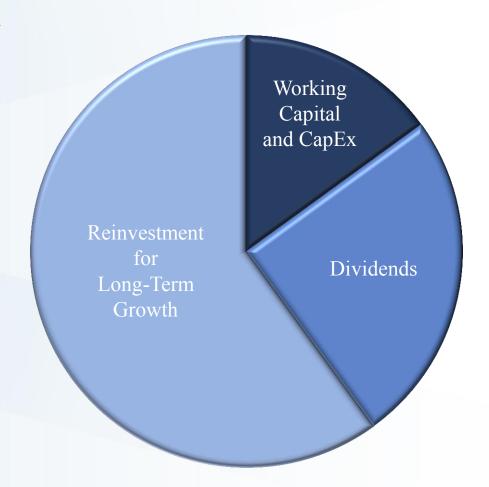
## ...which fuels a capital deployment strategy that focuses on creating shareholder value

#### Reinvestment for long-term growth

- Organic growth investments
- Acquisitions

#### Meaningful dividend

- \$0.79 per share in 2014
   (38% payout ratio)
- Annual \$0.01 increase per share per year (6 consecutive years)
- Attractive dividend yield:2.4% (5/14/15)



## Our proven ability to generate cash enables us to manage our debt and maintain strategic financing flexibility

 Strong cash generation allows Hillenbrand to continue our acquisition strategy and de-lever quickly.

#### Total Debt

> 3/31/15: \$571M;

> 3/31/14: \$626M

#### Net Debt\*

> 3/31/15: \$528M

> 3/31/14: \$575M

#### Net Debt/TTM Adjusted EBITDA\*\*

> 3/31/15: 1.9x

> 3/31/14: 2.3x



<sup>\*</sup> Net Debt is Total Debt less Cash

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Appendix for reconciliation

#### Hillenbrand Outlook: FY 2015 Guidance

Revenue constant currency growth 2-4%; ADJ EPS \$2.05-\$2.15

	EPS Rang	
Revenue Growth*	2%	4%
Revenue \$	1,700	1,734
FY 14 Adjusted EPS	\$ 2.06 \$	2.06
One-time adjustments	(0.14)	(0.14)
Effective Tax Rate	0.06	0.06
Normalized FY14 Base	\$ 1.98 \$	5 1.98
Normalized FY14 Base	\$ 1.98 \$	1.98
Organic Revenue Growth	0.04	0.07
Interest on Fixed Debt	(0.03)	(0.03)
PEG EBITDA improvement  FX	0.13	0.20 (0.07)
	\$ 2.05 \$	
Normalized EPS Growth	3%	9%

\* Constant currency

#### Hillenbrand Outlook: FY 2015 Guidance

Revenue

2% - 4% Constant Currency Growth

EPS (adjusted)

\$2.05 - \$2.15 per diluted share

### Hillenbrand is an attractive investment opportunity

## Growth Opportunity

- Process Equipment Group represents ~2/3 of Hillenbrand revenue with attractive organic mid-single-digit growth expected
- Bottom-line growth enhanced by leveraging core competencies

## Strong Financial Profile

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## Compelling Dividend

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- Annual dividend increases since HI inception (2008)

### Thanks for your time today



## HILLENBRAND ::::

## Appendix

### Disclosure regarding non-GAAP measures

While we report financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), we also provide certain non-GAAP operating performance measures. These non-GAAP measures are referred to as "adjusted" and exclude expenses associated with backlog amortization, inventory step-up, business acquisition and integration, restructuring, and antitrust litigation. The related income tax for all of these items is also excluded. This non-GAAP information is provided as a supplement, not as a substitute for, or as superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

One important non-GAAP measure that we use is Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Income Tax, Depreciation, and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"). As previously discussed, a part of our strategy is to selectively acquire companies that we believe can benefit from our core competencies to spur faster and more profitable growth. Given that strategy, it is a natural consequence to incur related expenses, such as amortization from acquired intangible assets and additional interest expense from debt-funded acquisitions. Accordingly, we use Adjusted EBITDA, among other measures, to monitor our business performance.

Another important non-GAAP measure that we use is backlog. Backlog is not a term recognized under GAAP; however, it is a common measurement used in the Process Equipment Group industry. Our backlog represents the amount of consolidated revenue that we expect to realize on contracts awarded related to the Process Equipment Group. Backlog includes expected revenue from large systems, equipment, and to a lesser extent, replacement parts, components, and service.

We use this non-GAAP information internally to make operating decisions and believe it is helpful to investors because it allows more meaningful period-to-period comparisons of our ongoing operating results. The information can also be used to perform trend analysis and to better identify operating trends that may otherwise be masked or distorted by these types of items. Finally, the Company believes such information provides a higher degree of transparency.

## Q2 FY15 & Q2 FY14 - Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated net income reconciliation

(\$ in millions)

	Three month	s ended	Mai	ch 31,
		2015	2	014
Adjusted EBITDA:				
Process Equipment Group	\$	34.6	\$	26.0
Batesville		44.0		44.9
Corporate		(13.1)		(1.7)
Less:				
Interest income		(0.4)		(0.1)
Interest expense		6.4		5.6
Income tax expense		14.3		13.7
Depreciation and amortization		13.4		14.7
Business acquisition and integration		(0.1)		1.1
Restructuring		0.7		0.9
Litigation		-		-
Consolidated net income	\$	31.2	\$	33.3

## YTD FY15 & YTD FY14 - Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated net income reconciliation

(\$ in millions)

	Six month	s ended	Maı	rch 31,
		2015	2	2014
Adjusted EBITDA:				
Process Equipment Group	\$	72.7	\$	52.7
Batesville		76.6		79.4
Corporate		(20.4)		(9.7)
Less:				
Interest income		(0.7)		(0.3)
Interest expense		12.1		11.9
Income tax expense		26.1		22.7
Depreciation and amortization		28.4		29.0
Business acquisition and integration		0.2		3.0
Restructuring		1.4		1.2
Litigation		0.5		-
Consolidated net income	\$	60.9	\$	54.9

## Q1 FY15 & Q1 FY14 - Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated net income reconciliation

(\$ in millions)

	Three months e	nded Dec	ember 31,
		2014	2013
Adjusted EBITDA:			
Process Equipment Group	\$	38.1	\$ 26.7
Batesville		32.6	34.5
Corporate		(7.3)	(8.0)
Less:			
Interest income		(0.3)	(0.2)
Interest expense		5.7	6.3
Income tax expense		11.8	9.0
Depreciation and amortization		15.0	14.3
Business acquisition and integration		0.3	1.9
Restructuring		0.7	0.3
Litigation		0.5	-
Consolidated net income	\$	29.7	\$ 21.6

2015 Hillenbrand

35

### Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated net income reconciliation

#### (\$ in millions)

(\$\psi ii iiiiiii)										
			Y	ears En	de	d Septer	nbe	er 30,		
	2014			2013		2012	2011		2010	
Adjusted EBITDA:										
Process Equipment Group	\$	150.4	\$	116.4	\$	79.7	\$	53.3	\$	23.6
Batesville		150.8		161.0		152.8		179.9		195.0
Corporate		(25.7)		(29.9)		(25.1)		(24.8)		(27.4)
Less:										
Interest income		(0.8)		(0.6)	\$	(0.5)	\$	(7.4)	\$	(13.0)
Interest expense		23.3		24.0		12.4		11.0		4.2
Income tax expense		48.7		28.3		30.1		51.7		54.1
Depreciation and amortization		58.4		89.4		40.4		36.1		28.2
Business acquisition costs		8.4		16.0		4.2		6.3		10.5
Inventory step-up		-		21.8		-		2.8		11.6
Restructuring		5.5		2.8		8.3		1.3		3.0
Litigation		20.8		0.2		5.5		1.3		5.0
Other		-		0.2		-		(0.8)		(4.7)
Long-term incentive compensation related to the international integration		_		-		2.2		_		-
Consolidated net income	\$	111.2	\$	65.4	\$	104.8	\$	106.1	\$	92.3

## Q2 FY15 & Q2 FY14 Non-GAAP Operating Performance Measures

(\$ in millions)

		Three months ended March 31,											
		2015		2014									
	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted							
Cost of goods sold	\$ 256.0	\$ (0.1) (a)	\$ 255.9	\$ 254.0	\$ 0.2 (d)	\$ 254.2							
Operating expenses	91.7	(o.5) (b)	91.2	99.9	(2.3) (e)	97.6							
Income tax expense	14.3	0.2 (c)	14.5	13.7	0.7 (c)	14.4							
Net in come <sup>1</sup>	30.7	0.4	31.1	33.0	1.4	34.4							
Diluted EPS	0.48	0.01	0.49	0.51	0.03	0.54							
Ratios:													
Gross margin	36.7%	0.1%	36.8%	36.0%	(0.1%)	35.9%							
Operating expenses as a % of													
net revenue	22.7%	(0.2%)	22.5%	25.2%	(o.6%)	24.6%							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Net income attributable to Hillenbrand

- (a) Restructuring (\$0.1 P)
- (b) Restructuring (\$0.4 P, \$0.2 C) and business acquisition (\$0.1 credit C)
- (c) Tax effect of adjustments
- (d) Restructuring (\$0.1 P, \$0.3 credit B)
- (e) Business acquisition and integration costs (\$0.3 P, \$0.8 C) and restructuring (\$1.2 C)

## YTD FY15 & YTD FY14 Non-GAAP Operating Performance Measures

(\$ in millions)

		Si	x months en	ded March 31,					
		2015		2014					
	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted			
Cost of goods sold	\$ 519.1	\$ (1.3) (a)	\$ 517.8	\$ 507.9	\$ 0.1 (d)	\$ 508.0			
Operating expenses	182.9	(2.0) (b)	180.9	193.9	(4.4) (e)	189.5			
Income tax expense	26.1	1.0 (c)	27.1	22.7	1.3 (c)	24.0			
Net in come <sup>1</sup>	60.2	2.3	62.5	53.3	3.0	56.3			
Diluted EPS	0.94	0.04	0.98	0.83	0.05	0.88			
Ratios:									
Gross margin	35.6%	0.2%	35.8%	35.0%	-	35.0%			
Operating expenses as a % of									
net revenue	22.7%	(0.3%)	22.4%	24.8%	(o.6%)	24.2%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Net income attributable to Hillenbrand

- (a) Restructuring (\$1.2 B, \$0.1 P)
- (b) Restructuring (\$0.7 P, \$0.6 C), litigation (\$0.5 B), and business acquisition and integration (\$0.1 C, \$0.1 P)
- (c) Tax effect of adjustments
- (d) Restructuring (\$0.1 P, \$0.2 credit B)
- (e) Business acquisition and integration costs (\$1.0 P, \$2.0 C), restructuring (\$0.2 P, \$1.2 C)

## Q1 FY15 & Q1 FY14 Non-GAAP Operating Performance Measures

(\$ in millions)

		Three months ended December 31,											
		2014		2013									
	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted							
Cost of goods sold	\$ 263.1	\$ (1.2) (a)	\$ 261.9	\$ 253.9	\$ (0.1) (d)	\$ 253.8							
Operating expenses	91.2	(1.5) (b)	89.7	94.0	(2.1) (e)	91.9							
Income tax expense	11.8	o.8 (c)	12.6	9.0	0.6 (c)	9.6							
Net income <sup>1</sup>	29.5	1.9	31.4	20.3	1.6	21.9							
Diluted EPS	0.46	0.03	0.49	0.32	0.02	0.34							
Ratios:													
Gross margin	34.5%	0.3%	34.8%	34.0%	0.1%	34.1%							
Operating expenses as a % of													
net revenue	22.7%	(0.4%)	22.3%	24.4%	(0.5%)	23.9%							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Net income attributable to Hillenbrand

- (a) Restructuring (\$1.2 B)
- (b) Restructuring (\$0.3 P, \$0.4 C), business acquisition and integration costs (\$0.1 P, \$0.2 C), litigation costs (\$0.5 B)
- (c) Tax effect of adjustments
- (d) Restructuring (\$0.1 B)
- (e) Business acquisition and integration costs (\$0.7 P, \$1.2 C) and restructuring (\$0.2 P)

#### Non-GAAP Operating Performance Measures

(\$ in millions)

							Years Ended September 30,								
	2014			2013		2012		4	2011			2010			
	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted	GAAP	Adj	Adjusted
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,078.0	(0.1) (a)	\$ 1,077.9	\$ 1,034.7	\$ (25.2) (d)	\$ 1,009.5	\$ 594.3 \$	\$ (4.2) (i)	\$ 590.1	\$ 513.5 \$	\$ (2.8) (l)	\$ 510.7	\$ 435.9	\$ (11.6) <sub>(0)</sub>	\$ 424.3
Operating expenses	414.7	(34.7) (b)	380.0	400.6	(52.5) (e)	348.1	240.1	(18.8) (j)	221.3	211.3	(8.9) (m)	) 202.4	175.4	(15.5) (p)	159.9
Interest expense	23.3	-	23.3	24.0	(1.2) (f)	22.8	12.4	-	12.4	11.0	-	11.0	4.2	-	4.2
Other income (expense), net	t 8.7		8.7	(0.4)	(1.1) (g)	(1.5)	(1.5)		(1.5)	10.2	-	10.2	12.7	-	12.7
Income tax expense	48.7	12.9 (c)	61.6	28.3	22.9 (h)	51.2	30.1	18.1 (k)	) 48.2	51.7	4.0 (n)	55.7	54.1	7.8 (q)	61.9
Net income¹	109.7	21.9	131.6	63.4	54.9	118.3	104.8	4.9	109.7	106.1	7.7	113.8	92.3	19.3	111.6
Diluted EPS	1.72	0.34	2.06	1.01	0.87	1.88	1.68	0.08	1.76	1.71	0.13	1.84	1.49	0.31	1.80

<sup>1</sup>Net income attributable to Hillenbrand

- (a) Restructuring costs (\$0.3 P, \$0.2 credit B)
- (b) Business acquisition costs (\$2.1 P, \$6.3 C), litigation (\$20.8 B), restructuring costs (\$4.0 P, \$1.5 C)
- (c) Tax effect of adjustments
- (d) Inventory step-up (\$21.8 P), restructuring (\$0.3 P, \$2.9 B), business acquisition costs (\$0.2 P)
- (e) Backlog amortization (\$34.5 P), business acquisition costs (\$3.1 P, \$13.7 C), restructuring (\$0.2 P, \$0.5 B, \$0.2 C), antitrust litigation (\$0.2 B), other (\$0.1 B)
- (f) Business acquisition costs (\$1.2 C)
- (g) Acquisition related foreign currency transactions (\$0.8C), business acquisition costs (\$0.2 C), other (\$0.1B)
- (h) Tax effect of adjustments
- (i) Restructuring (\$0.9 P, \$3.3 B)
- (j) Antitrust litigation (\$5.5 B), restructuring (\$2.8 P, \$0.6 B, \$0.9 C), business acquisition costs (\$4.2 C), backlog amortization (\$2.5 P), long-term incentive compensation related to the international integration (\$0.2 P, \$0.8 B, \$1.2 C), other (\$0.1 B)
- (k) Tax benefit of the international integration (\$10.4), tax effect of adjustments (\$7.7)
- (l) Inventory step-up (\$2.8 P)
- (m) Restructuring (\$1.3 B), antitrust litigation (\$1.3 B), business acquisition costs (\$0.3 P, \$6.0 C), backlog amortization (\$0.8 P), sales tax recoveries (\$0.8 B)
- (n) Tax effect of adjustments
- (o) Inventory step-up (\$11.6 P)
- (p) Business acquisition costs (\$0.3 P, \$10.2 C), antitrust litigation (\$5.0 B), restructuring (\$3.0 C), Backlog amortization (\$1.7 P), LESS sales tax recoveries (\$4.7).
- (q) Tax effect of adjustments

### Q2 FY15 & Q2 FY14 - Cash Flow Information

#### (\$ in millions)

	Three months end	hree months ended March 31					
Operating Activities	2015		2014				
Consolidated net income	\$ 31.2	\$	33.3				
Depreciation and amortization	13.4	-	14.7				
Change in working capital	(17.0	ı)	1.5				
Other, net	24.5	,	(13.2)				
Net cash provided by operating activities (A)	\$ 52.1	. \$	36.3				
Capital expenditures (B)	(6.2	2)	(5.8)				
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	-		-				
Debt activity	(42.0	)	(25.8)				
Dividends	(12.6	)	(12.4)				
Other	(0.3	3)	(3.6)				
Net change in cash	\$ (9.0	) \$	(11.3)				
			-				
Free Cash Flow (A-B)	\$ 45.9	\$	30.5				

### YTD FY15 & YTD FY14 - Cash Flow Information

#### (\$ in millions)

	Six months ended March 31,				
Operating Activities	2015 2014		2014		
Consolidated net income	\$	60.9	\$	54.9	
Depreciation and amortization		28.4		29.0	
Change in working capital		(71.9)		23.6	
Other, net		(7.2)		(25.3)	
Net cash provided by operating activities (A)	\$	10.2	\$	82.2	
Capital expenditures (B)		(11.9)		(11.4)	
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired		-		-	
Debt activity		17.5		(40.0)	
Dividends		(25.2)		(24.8)	
Other		(5.6)		2.3	
Net change in cash	\$	(15.0)	\$	8.3	
Free Cash Flow (A-B)	\$	(1.7)	\$	70.8	

### Q1 FY15 & Q1 FY14 - Cash Flow Information

#### (\$ in millions)

	Three months and	ree months ended December 31				
	Three months ende					
Operating Activities	2014	2013				
Consolidated net income	\$ 29.7	\$ 21.6				
Depreciation and amortization	15.0	14.3				
Change in working capital	(54.9)	22.1				
Other, net	(31.7)	(12.1)				
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities (A)	\$ (41.9)	\$ 45.9				
Capital expenditures (B)	(5.7)	(5.6)				
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	-	-				
Debt activity	59.5	(14.2)				
Dividends	(12.6)	(12.4)				
Other	(5.3)	5.9				
Net change in cash	\$ (6.0)	\$ 19.6				
Free Cash Flow (A-B)	\$ (47.6)	\$ 40.3				

### **Cash Flow Information**

#### (\$ in millions)

(† 111 11111111111111111111111111111111									
	Years Ended September 30,								
Operating Activities	 2014	:	2013		2012		2011	:	2010
Consolidated net income	\$ 111.2	\$	65.4	\$	104.8	\$	106.1	\$	92.3
Depreciation and amortization	58.4		89.4		40.4		36.1		28.2
Interest income on Forethought Note	-		-		-		(6.4)		(12.0)
Forethought Note interest payment	-		-		-		59.7		10.0
Change in working capital	22.6		(12.3)		(19.8)		(16.4)		16.9
Other, net	 (12.6)		(15.3)		12.8		10.4		(17.2)
Net cash provided by operating activities (A)	\$ 179.6	\$	127.2	\$	138.2	\$	189.5	\$	118.2
Capital expenditures (B)	(23.6)		(29.9)		(20.9)		(21.9)		(16.3)
Forethought Note principal repayment	-		-		-		91.5		-
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	-		(415.7)		(4.4)		(240.9)		(371.5)
Proceeds from redemption and sales, and ARS and investments	5.8		1.7		0.8		12.4		37.2
Debt activity	(104.1)		385.6		(162.3)		28.1		334.2
Dividends	(49.7)		(48.7)		(47.6)		(46.9)		(46.2)
Purchase of common stock	(16.5)		-		-		(3.8)		-
Other	 23.8		2.3		0.9		9.1		7.6
Net change in cash	\$ 15.3	\$	22.5	\$	(95.3)	\$	17.1	\$	63.2
Free Cash Flow (A-B)	\$ 156.0	\$	97.3	\$	117.3	\$	167.6	\$	101.9